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region in the second CLC layer, and wherein a patterned broad-band CLC reflective layer is provided beneath the first CLC layer in order to realize the broad-band inter-subpixel "white" reflective matrix-like pattern between neighboring subpixel regions; in order to improve light recycling off the TFT and associated wiring regions surrounding the light transmission aperture of each and every subpixel realized the liquid crystal (LC) spatial-intensity modulation panel of the LCD panel assembly of **FIG. 2**;

[0116] FIG. 5B2 is a schematic representation of an exemplary broad-band inter-subpixel "white" matrix-like pattern formed about a single pixel structure (comprising a red, green and blue subpixel structure) disposed beneath the lower CLC-filter layer of the CLC-based spectral filtering structure shown in FIG. 5B1;

[0117] FIG. 5C is a schematic representation illustrating the spatial layout of an array of pixel structures, as depicted in FIGS. 5B1 and 5B2, in exemplary embodiment of the LCD panel assembly of FIG. 2;

[0118] FIG. 6A is a schematic representation graphically illustrating the actual spectral reflection characteristics of a "red-band" reflecting region formed in the second (i.e. top) patterned CLC layer of the CLC-based spectral filtering structure depicted in FIGS. 5 through 5B1, made using CLC film fabrication methods of the present invention disclosed herein, showing that spectral wavelengths residing within the red-band of the electromagnetic spectrum and having a LHCP state are strongly reflected from the layer, while spectral wavelengths residing within the blue and green bands and having a LHCP polarization state are weakly reflected from the layer;

[0119] FIG. 6B is a schematic representation graphically illustrating the actual spectral transmission characteristics of a "red-band" reflecting region formed in the second (i.e. top) patterned CLC layer of the CLC-based spectral filtering structure depicted in FIGS. 5 through 5B1, made using CLC film fabrication methods of the present invention disclosed herein, showing that spectral wavelengths residing within the blue and green bands of the electromagnetic spectrum and having a LHCP state are strongly transmitted through the layer, while spectral wavelengths residing within the red band and having a LHCP polarization state are weakly transmitted through the layer;

[0120] FIG. 6C is a schematic representation graphically illustrating the actual spectral reflection characteristics of a "green-band" reflecting region formed in the second (i.e. top) patterned CLC layer of the CLC-based spectral filtering structure depicted in FIGS. 5 through 5B1, made using CLC film fabrication methods of the present invention disclosed herein, showing that spectral wavelengths residing within the green-band of the electromagnetic spectrum and having a LHCP state are strongly reflected from the layer, while spectral wavelengths residing within the blue and red bands and having a LHCP polarization state are weakly reflected from the layer;

[0121] FIG. 6D is a schematic representation graphically illustrating the actual spectral transmission characteristics of a "green-band" reflecting region formed in the second (i.e. top) patterned CLC layer of the CLC-based spectral filtering structure depicted in FIGS. 5 through 5B1, made using CLC film fabrication methods of the present invention

disclosed herein, wherein spectral wavelengths residing within the blue and red bands of the electromagnetic spectrum and having a LHCP state are strongly transmitted through the layer, while spectral wavelengths residing within the green band and having a LHCP polarization state are weakly transmitted through the layer;

[0122] FIG. 6E is a schematic representation graphically illustrating the actual spectral reflection characteristics of a "blue-band" reflecting region formed in the second (i.e. top) patterned CLC layer of the CLC-based spectral filtering structure depicted in FIGS. 5 through 5B1, made using CLC film fabrication methods of the present invention disclosed herein, showing that spectral wavelengths residing within the blue-band of the electromagnetic spectrum and having a LHCP state are strongly reflected from the layer, while spectral wavelengths residing within the green and red bands and having a LHCP polarization state are weakly reflected from the layer;

[0123] FIG. 6F is a schematic representation graphically illustrating the actual spectral transmission characteristics of a "blue-band" reflecting region formed in the second (i.e. top) patterned CLC layer of the CLC-based spectral filtering structure depicted in FIGS. 5 through 5B1, made using CLC film fabrication methods of the present invention disclosed herein, showing that spectral wavelengths residing within the green and red bands of the electromagnetic spectrum and having a LHCP state are strongly transmitted through the layer, while spectral wavelengths residing within the blue band and having a LHCP polarization state are weakly transmitted through the layer;

[0124] FIG. 6G is a schematic representation graphically illustrating the actual spectral reflection characteristics of a "blue" subpixel region formed by the composition of the CLC layers in the CLC-based spectral filtering structure depicted in FIGS. 5 through 5B1, made using CLC film fabrication methods of the present invention disclosed herein, showing that spectral wavelengths residing within the green and red bands of the electromagnetic spectrum and having a LHCP state are strongly reflected from the subpixel structure, while spectral wavelengths residing within the blue band and having a LHCP polarization state are weakly reflected from the layer (i.e. strongly transmitted therethrough);

[0125] FIG. 6H is a schematic representation graphically illustrating the actual spectral reflection characteristics of a "green" subpixel region formed by the composition of the CLC layers in the CLC-based spectral filtering structure depicted in FIGS. 5 through 5B1, made using CLC film fabrication methods of the present invention disclosed herein, showing that spectral wavelengths residing within the blue and red bands of the electromagnetic spectrum and having a LHCP state are strongly reflected from the subpixel structure, while spectral wavelengths residing within the green band and having a LHCP polarization state are weakly reflected from the layer (i.e. strongly transmitted therethrough);

[0126] FIG. 6I is a schematic representation graphically illustrating the actual spectral reflection characteristics of a "red" subpixel region formed by the composition of the CLC layers in the CLC-based spectral filtering structure depicted in FIGS. 5 through 5B1, made using CLC film fabrication methods of the present invention disclosed herein, showing